# ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

For the fiscal year ended April 30, 2021



# CONTENTS APRIL 30, 2021

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT	1 and 2
Management's Discussion and Analysis	3 - 12
Government-wide Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Position - Modified Cash Basis	13
Statement of Activities - Modified Cash Basis	14
Fund Financial Statements:	
Statement of Assets, Liabilities and Fund Balances -	
Modified Cash Basis - Governmental Funds	15
Reconciliation of the Statement of Assets, Liabilities	
and Fund Balances - Modified Cash Basis -	
Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net	
Position - Modified Cash Basis	16
Statement of Revenues Collected, Expenditures Paid and	
Changes in Fund Balances - Modified Cash Basis -	
Governmental Funds	17
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues Collected,	
Expenditures Paid and Changes in Fund Balances -	
Modified Cash Basis - Governmental Funds to the	
Statement of Activities - Modified Cash Basis	18
Statement of Net Position - Modified Cash Basis - Proprietary Funds	19
Statement of Revenues Received, Expenses Paid and Changes	
in Net Position - Modified Cash Basis - Proprietary Funds	20
Statement of Cash Flows - Modified Cash Basis - Proprietary Funds	21
Notes to Financial Statements	22 - 44

# CONTENTS (Continued) April 30, 2021

OTHER INFORMATION - AUDITED	
Combining Statement of Assets, Liabilities and Fund Balances -	
Non-major Governmental Funds - Modified Cash Basis	45
Combining Statement of Revenues Collected, Expenditures	
Paid and Changes in Fund Balances - Non-major Governmental	
Funds – Modified Cash Basis	46
OTHER INFORMATION - UNAUDITED	
<b>Budgetary Comparison Schedules - Modified Cash Basis:</b>	
General Fund	47
Library Fund	48
Motor Fuel Tax Fund	49
Audit Fund	50
Water Fund	51
Sewer Fund	52
Expenditures Paid - Budget to Actual -	
Modified Cash Basis - General Fund	53
Statements of Receipts, Disbursements, and Other Data -	
Modified Cash Basis - Governmental Funds	54
Statements of Operations and Data - Modified Cash Basis -	
Enterprise Fund - Water Fund	55
Statements of Operations and Data - Modified Cash Basis -	
Enterprise Fund - Sewer Fund	56
Schedules of General Property Taxes	57



207 W. Jefferson Street, #203 Bloomington, Illinois 61701 PH: (309) 828-6071

FAX: (309) 827-2465 www.mckcpa.com

## INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the City Council City of Fairbury, Illinois

#### Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying modified cash basis financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Fairbury, Illinois (the City), as of and for the year ended April 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

# Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting described in Note 1; this includes determining that the modified cash basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for the preparation of the financial statements in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

# Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

# **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective modified cash basis financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Fairbury, Illinois, as of April 30, 2021, and the respective changes in modified cash basis financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting described in Note 1.

### **Basis of Accounting**

We draw attention to Note 1 of the financial statements, which describes the basis of accounting. The financial statements are prepared on the modified cash basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

# **Other Matters**

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements as a whole that collectively comprise the City of Fairbury, Illinois' basic financial statements. The management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison schedules on pages 3 through 12 and 47 through 52, which are the responsibility of management, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements on pages 45 and 46 are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The remaining other information on pages 53 through 57 has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

MCK CPAs & Advisors

Bloomington, Illinois October 6, 2021

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS Year ended April 30, 2021

Our discussion and analysis of the City of Fairbury's financial performance provides an overview of the City's financial activities for the fiscal year ended April 30, 2021 within the limitations of the City's modified cash basis of accounting. Please read it in conjunction with the City's financial statements that begin on page 13.

#### FINANCIAL HIGHTLIGHTS

- The City's total revenues exceeded total expenses, on the modified cash basis of accounting, by \$1,825,375 for the year, resulting in an increase in total net position of 8.3% from the previous year. This is mostly due to the City continuing to control expenses in anticipation of beginning to repay the sewer project loan.
- The City's General Fund ended the year with a fund balance of \$2,663,610, which represents a 48.0% increase from the previous year. Increase is primarily due to increased sales and local use tax and controlling expenditures.
- \$ 101,000 was received as a result of an intergovernmental agreement with the Village of Forrest for Police coverage.
- Annual contributions of \$22,000 were received from the Rural Fire Protection District.

# USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

This annual report is presented in a format consistent with the presentation requirements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34, as applicable to the City's modified cash basis of accounting.

# **Report Components**

This annual report consists of five parts as follows:

**Government-Wide Financial Statements:** The Statement of Net Position – Modified Cash Basis and the Statement of Activities – Modified Cash Basis (*on pages 13-14*) provide information about the activities of the City government-wide (or "as a whole") and present a longer-term view of the City's finances.

**Fund Financial Statements:** Fund financial statements (*starting on page 15*) focus on the individual parts of the City government. Fund financial statements also report the City's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the City's most significant "major" funds. For *governmental activities*, these statements tell how these services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending. For *proprietary activities*, these statements offer short-term and long-term financial information about the activities the City operates like businesses, such as the water and sewer.

**Notes to the Financial Statements:** The notes to the financial statements (*starting on page 22*) are an integral part of the government-wide and fund financial statements and provide expanded explanation and detail regarding the information reported in the statements.

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued) Year ended April 30, 2021

# **Report Components, continued**

**Other Information - Audited:** This part of the annual report (*starting on page 45*) includes the non-major fund combining statements. Such information provides users of this report with additional data that supplements the government-wide statements, fund financial statements, and notes (referred to as "the basic financial statements").

**Other Information - Unaudited:** This Management's Discussion and Analysis and the Budgetary Comparison Schedules (*starting on page 47*), represent financial information required by GASB to be presented. The budgetary comparison schedule for General Fund expenditures, and additional statements for the water and sewer funds and property taxes, is other information that is provided to address certain specific needs of various users of the City's annual report.

### **Basis of Accounting**

The City has elected to present its financial statements on a modified cash basis of accounting. This modified cash basis of accounting is a basis of accounting other than generally accepted accounting principles. Basis of accounting is a reference to *when* financial events are recorded, such as the timing for recognizing revenues, expenses, and their related assets and liabilities. Under the City's modified cash basis of accounting, revenues and expenses and related assets and liabilities are recorded when they result from cash transactions, except for the recording of depreciation expense on capital assets in the government-wide financial statements for all activities and in the fund financial statement for proprietary fund activities.

As a result of the use of this modified cash basis of accounting, certain assets and their related revenues (such as accounts receivable and revenue for billed or provided services not yet collected) and certain liabilities and their related expenses (such as accounts payable and expenses for goods or services received but not yet paid, and accrued expenses and liabilities) *are not recorded* in these financial statements. Therefore, when reviewing the financial information and discussion within this annual report, the reader should keep in mind the limitations resulting from the use of the modified cash basis of accounting.

# Reporting the City as a Whole

# The City's Reporting Entity Presentation

This annual report includes the primary government activities for which the City of Fairbury's City Council is fiscally responsible. These activities, defined as the City's reporting entity, are operated within separate legal entities that make up the primary government.

The primary government includes the legal entity of the City of Fairbury.

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued) Year ended April 30, 2021

# Reporting the City as a Whole, continued

#### The Government-Wide Financial Statements

Our financial analysis of the City as a whole begins on page 6. The government-wide financial statements are presented on pages 13 and 14. One of the most important questions asked about the City's finances is, "Is the City as a whole better off or worse off as a result of the year's activities?" The Statement of Net Position – Modified Cash Basis and the Statement of Activities - Modified Cash Basis report information about the City as a whole and about its activities in a way that helps answer this question. These statements include all of the City's assets and liabilities resulting from the use of the modified cash basis of accounting.

These two statements report the City's net position and changes in it. Keeping in mind the limitations of the modified cash basis of accounting, one can think of the City's net position - the difference between assets and liabilities - as one way to measure the City's financial health or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the City's net position are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. One will need to consider other nonfinancial factors, however, such as changes in the City's sales tax base and the condition of the City's roads, to assess the overall health of the City.

In the Statement of Net Position - Modified Cash Basis and the Statement of Activities - Modified Cash Basis, we divide the City into two kinds of activities:

Governmental activities. Most of the City's basic services are reported here, including the police, fire, general administration, streets, parks, pool, and library. Property taxes, sales and use taxes, income taxes, other miscellaneous taxes and fees, franchise fees, fines, and state and federal grants finance most of these activities.

Business-type activities. The City charges a fee to customers to help it cover all or most of the cost of certain services it provides. The City's water and sewer are reported here.

### Reporting the City's Most Significant Funds

# The Fund Financial Statements

Our financial analysis of the City's funds begins on page 10. The fund financial statements begin on page 15 and provide detailed information about the most significant funds – not the City as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by State law and by bond covenants. However, the City Council establishes certain other funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that it is meeting legal responsibilities for using certain taxes, grants and other money. The City's two kinds of funds – *governmental and proprietary* - use different accounting approaches.

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued) Year ended April 30, 2021

# Reporting the City's Most Significant Funds, continued

Governmental funds - Most of the City's basic services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. These funds report the acquisition of capital assets and payments for debt principal as expenditures and not as changes to asset and debt balances. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the City's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps one determine (through a review of changes to fund balance) whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the City's programs. We describe the relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Assets - Modified Cash Basis and the Statement of Activities - Modified Cash Basis) and governmental funds in a reconciliation after the fund financial statements. The City considers the General Fund to be its only significant major governmental fund.

Proprietary funds - When the City charges customers for the services it provides, these services are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds are reported in the same way that all activities are reported in the Statement of Net Position - Modified Cash Basis and the Statement of Activities - Modified Cash Basis. For example, proprietary fund capital assets are capitalized and depreciated and principal payments on long-term debt are reported as a reduction to the liability. In fact, the City's proprietary (enterprise) fund financial statements are essentially the same as the business-type activities we report in the government-wide statements but the fund statements provide more detail and additional information, such as cash flows. The City has two enterprise funds, the Water Fund and the Sewer Fund.

# A FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY AS A WHOLE

# **Net Position - Modified Cash Basis**

The City's combined net position, resulting from modified cash basis transactions, increased from approximately \$ 22.09 million to \$ 23.91 million from fiscal year 2020 to fiscal year 2021. Looking at the net position and net expenses of governmental and business-type activities separately, governmental activities had an approximately \$ 846,500 increase and business-type activities had an approximately \$ 979,000 increase.

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued) Year ended April 30, 2021

# Net Position - Modified Cash Basis, continued

	overnmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
Current and other assets	\$ 3,454,868	5,202,747	8,657,615
Capital assets	 3,994,570	33,336,585	37,331,155
Total assets	 7,449,438	38,539,332	45,988,770
Long-term debt outstanding	891,510	21,182,622	22,074,132
Other liabilities	 -	2,890	2,890
Total liabilities	 891,510	21,185,512	22,077,022
Net Position:			
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	3,103,060	12,153,963	15,257,023
Restricted	1,121,570	52,000	1,173,570
Unrestricted	 2,333,298	5,147,857	7,481,155
Total net position	\$ 6,557,928	17,353,820	23,911,748

Net position of the City's governmental activities increased 14.82% to \$6.56 million. Net position of the City's business-type activities increased 6.00% to \$17.35 million. \$16,430,593 of the total net position is either restricted as to the purposes for which it can be used or is invested in capital assets (buildings, roads, bridges, etc.).

Changes from 2020 to 2021 reflect an increase of 21.27% in total assets, with an increase of 14.15% for governmental assets and an increase of 22.75% for business-type assets. Significant increase for the business-type assets is due to the addition of construction in progress for the sewer project.

Changes from 2020 to 2021 also reflect an increase of 39.42% in total liabilities, with an increase of 9.42% for governmental liabilities and an increase of 41.04% for business-type liabilities. Significant increase is due to the receipt of proceeds from the new EPA loan for the sewer project.

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued) Year ended April 30, 2021

# **Changes in Net Position - Modified Cash Basis**

For the year ended April 30, 2021, net position of the primary government (resulting from modified cash basis transactions) changed as follows:

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total	
Revenues				
Program revenues:				
Charges for services	\$ 564,462	2,188,945	2,753,407	
Operating grants and contributions	325,329	-	325,329	
General revenues:				
Property tax	1,026,947	-	1,026,947	
Replacement tax	29,210	-	29,210	
Sales, use, cannabis & video				
gaming tax	964,277	-	964,277	
State income tax	430,692	-	430,692	
Motor fuel tax	133,282	-	133,282	
Investment income	29,225	96,846	126,071	
Loss on disposal of capital asset	-	(376,812)	(376,812)	
Forgiveness of debt	-	255,981	255,981	
Other	79,468	12,369	91,837	
Total revenues	3,582,892	2,177,329	5,760,221	
Expenses				
General government	737,569	-	737,569	
Public safety	828,935	-	828,935	
Streets, parks, culture, and recycling	1,141,209	-	1,141,209	
Interest	28,671	-	28,671	
Water	-	706,098	706,098	
Sewer		492,364	492,364	
Total expenses	2,736,384	1,198,462	3,934,846	
Increase in net position	\$ 846,508	978,867	1,825,375	

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued) Year ended April 30, 2021

# **Governmental Activities**

To aid in the understanding of the Statement of Activities - Modified Cash Basis, some additional explanation is given. Of particular interest is the format that is significantly different from a typical Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance. Expenses are listed in the first column, with revenues from that particular program reported to the right. The result is a Net (Expense)/Revenue. This type of format highlights the relative financial burden of each of the functions on the City's taxpayers. It also identifies how much each function draws from the general revenues or if it is self-financing through fees and grants or contributions. All other governmental revenues are reported as general. It is important to note that all taxes are classified as general revenue, even if restricted for a specific purpose.

For the year ended April 30, 2021, the City's governmental activities were funded as follows:

#### Sources of Funds for Governmental Activities

Property taxes	\$	1,026,947	28.7%
Sales and local use taxes		964,277	26.9
State income tax		430,692	12.0
Other taxes		162,492	4.5
Investment income		29,225	0.8
Charges for services		564,462	15.8
Grants		245,792	6.9
Contributions		79,537	2.2
Other		79,468	2.2
	\$	3,582,892	100.0%
•			
Uses of Funds in Gov	vern	mental Acti	vities

General government	\$ 737,569	27.0%
Public safety	828,935	30.3
- i		

 Streets, parks and recycling
 1,141,209
 41.7

 Interest
 28,671
 1.0

\$ 2,736,384 100.0%

For the year ended April 30, 2021, total expenses for governmental activities, resulting from modified cash basis transactions, amounted to \$2,736,384. Of these total expenses, taxpayers and other general revenues funded only \$1,846,593 while those directly benefiting from the program funded \$325,329 from grants and other contributions and \$564,462 from charges for services.

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued) Year ended April 30, 2021

# **Business-Type Activities**

In reviewing the business-type activities' net (expense)/revenue resulting from modified cash basis transactions, there are certain activities that need to be examined more closely. The water and sewer service activities reported net expenses of \$ 706,098 and \$ 492,364, respectively. As noted on the table at page 8, the revenue for sewer service included \$ 255,981 in forgiveness of debt on an Illinois Environmental Protection Agency loan as well as a loss of \$ 376,812 from the deconstruction and removal of a wind turbine.

	Water	Sewer
Revenue	\$ 1,103,108	1,074,221
Expense	706,098	492,364
Change in net position	\$ 397,010	581,857

#### A FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY'S FUNDS

Certain funds experienced noteworthy changes from the prior year and are highlighted as follows:

- On the modified cash basis of accounting, the General Fund reported revenues, transfers, and proceeds totaling \$ 3,296,052 and expenditures of \$ 2,431,911, resulting in an increase in fund balance of \$ 864,141. This fund showed an increase in revenues due to the receipt of loan proceeds, and an increase in expenses due to the purchase of fire department equipment.
- On the modified cash basis of accounting, the Motor Fuel Tax Fund reported revenues of \$ 265,685 and expenditures and transfers totaling \$ 75,062, resulting in an increase in fund balance of \$ 190,623. This fund showed an increase in revenue due to receipt of a Rebuild Illinois grant.

# **General Fund Budgetary Highlights**

Expenditures were consistent with the budget with one significant exception. This difference between expenditures and the budget was due to several projects budgeted for during the year but were not actually completed. As a result, General Fund Expenditures for capital outlay were approximately \$ 1.32 million below appropriations for the year ended April 30, 2021.

# CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

# **Capital Assets - Modified Cash Basis**

At April 30, 2021, the City had \$ 37.33 million invested in capital assets, net of depreciation, including police and fire equipment, buildings, park facilities, water and sewer lines, and construction in progress related to the sewer project (see table below). This represents a net increase of \$ 5,849,207 or 18.58%, from last year.

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued) Year ended April 30, 2021

# Capital Assets - Modified Cash Basis, continued

Primary Government Capital Assets - Modified Cash Basis (Net of accumulated depreciation)

	Governmental Activities		<b>71</b>	
Land	\$	1,071,332	52,245	1,123,577
Construction in process		42,810	29,535,931	29,578,741
Land improvements		56,658	-	56,658
Buildings and improvements		1,349,122	-	1,349,122
Utility plant		_	251,760	251,760
Water tower		-	536,363	536,363
Vehicles		745,093	33,008	778,101
Equipment		591,674	686,254	1,277,928
Wells and improvements		_	402,968	402,968
Infrastructure		137,881	1,838,056	1,975,937
	\$	3,994,570	33,336,585	37,331,155

This year's more significant capital asset additions included:

Construction in progress - sewer project	\$ 6,511,408
Air Packs and Rescue Pack SCBA equipment	153,610
1994 FL70 truck rehab	51,010

# <u>Long-Term Debt – Modified Cash Basis</u>

At April 30, 2021, the City had \$22,074,132 in long-term debt and capital leases arising from modified cash basis transactions compared to \$15,832,370 at April 30, 2020. This represents an increase of 39.42%. Increase is due to proceeds from an EPA loan for the sewer project. At April 30, 2021, \$891,510 of the debt is related to governmental activities and \$21,182,622 is related to business-type activities. (See table below.)

# Primary Government Long-Term Debt – Modified Cash Basis

EPA loans	\$ 21,182,622
Brian J. Munz Public Safety Complex bonds	345,000
Fire truck loan	36,794
Fire equipment loan	149,938
Fire truck lease	359,778
Total	\$ 22,074,132

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued) Year ended April 30, 2021

#### ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND RATES

Significant economic factors affecting the year ended April 30, 2021:

- o The City continued seeking grant and stimulus money for water, sewer, and infrastructure projects.
- o Employee benefit costs (Medicare and FICA taxes, health insurance, and IMRF) were \$496,015 which represents 31.6% of employee wages. Overtime paid was \$36,349 which represents a decrease of 29.6% compared to the previous year.
- o City-wide cash and investments increased approximately \$ 2,200,000 due to controlling expenditures and accumulating funds to repay the Long-Term Control Plan sewer project loan.
- Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation experienced an increase of approximately \$5,850,000 due to the construction in progress for the Long Term Control Plan sewer project.
- o The City had expenditures of approximately \$29,500,000 during the last four fiscal years for the Long Term Control Plan sewer project. Those expenditures were mostly paid for by Illinois Environmental Protection loan receipts totaling approximately \$29,450,000.

Significant economic factors expected to affect the upcoming fiscal year ending April 30, 2022:

- o The City's budget is fairly consistent with this year.
- o In May 2021, the City increased most employee wages based on annual evaluations.
- o The City has approved an EPA loan of approximately \$30 million for the new Combined Sewer overflow/treatment plant. The project started in August 2018. Payments to the EPA will start approximately six months after completion of the project, which was in June of 2021.
- o The City's cash position is expected to remain stable.

#### CONTACTING THE CITY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to demonstrate the City's accountability for the money it receives. If there are questions about this report or a need for additional financial information, contact the City Treasurer's office at:

201 W Locust St. PO Box 228 Fairbury, IL 61739 fairbury@route24.net (815) 692-2743

# STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - MODIFIED CASH BASIS April 30, 2021 $\,$

	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities	Total	
<u>ASSETS</u>					
Current assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	3,292,007	3,634,078	6,926,085	
Investments		118,861	1,516,669	1,635,530	
Total current assets		3,410,868	5,150,747	8,561,615	
Noncurrent assets					
Restricted investments		44,000	52,000	96,000	
Capital assets, net of accumulated					
depreciation		3,994,570	33,336,585	37,331,155	
Total noncurrent assets		4,038,570	33,388,585	37,427,155	
TOTAL ASSETS		7,449,438	38,539,332	45,988,770	
<u>LIABILITIES</u>					
Current liabilities					
Current maturities of capital lease		40,244		40,244	
Current maturities of long term debt		68,352	376,549	444,901	
Total current liabilities		108,596	376,549	485,145	
Noncurrent liabilities					
Capital lease, less current maturities		319,534		319,534	
Long term debt		463,380	20,806,073	21,269,453	
Customer deposits			2,890	2,890	
Total noncurrent liabilities		782,914	20,808,963	21,591,877	
TOTAL LIABILITIES		891,510	21,185,512	22,077,022	
NET POSITION					
Invested in capital assets, net of					
related debt		3,103,060	12,153,963	15,257,023	
Restricted for:					
Debt service		44,000	52,000	96,000	
Other purposes		1,077,570		1,077,570	
Unrestricted		2,333,298	5,147,857	7,481,155	
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	6,557,928	17,353,820	23,911,748	

See Notes to Financial Statements.

# STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS Year ended April 30, 2021

		Program	Revenues	Net (Expense)/Revenue and Changes in Net Position		
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
Governmental activities:						
General government	\$ 737,569	51,864	155,000	(530,705)		(530,705)
Public safety	828,935	170,485	,	(658,450)		(658,450)
Streets and recycling	879,389	308,663	123,801	(446,925)		(446,925)
Culture and recreation	261,820	33,450	46,528	(181,842)		(181,842)
Interest on long term debt	28,671			(28,671)		(28,671)
Total governmental activities	2,736,384	564,462	325,329	(1,846,593)	-	(1,846,593)
Business-type activities:						
Water	706,098	1,060,085			353,987	353,987
Sewer	492,364	1,128,860			636,496	636,496
Total business-type activities	1,198,462	2,188,945			990,483	990,483
TOTAL	\$ 3,934,846	2,753,407	325,329	(1,846,593)	990,483	(856,110)
	General Revenue	es:				
	Taxes					
	Proper	-		1,026,947		1,026,947
	Replac			29,210		29,210
		and local use		964,277		964,277
		ncome		430,692		430,692
	Motor			133,282	06.046	133,282
	Interest on	investments		29,225	96,846	126,071
	Other	1 0		79,468	12,369	91,837
		posal of capita	l asset		(376,812)	(376,812)
	Forgiveness	s of debt			255,981	255,981
	Total general rev	venues		2,693,101	(11,616)	2,681,485
	Change in net po	osition		846,508	978,867	1,825,375
	Net position - be	eginning		5,711,420	16,374,953	22,086,373
	Net position - en	ding		\$ 6,557,928	17,353,820	23,911,748

# STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS April 30, 2021

	General Fund	Non-Major Funds	Total	
<u>ASSETS</u>				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,619,610	672,397	3,292,007	
Investments		118,861	118,861	
Restricted investments	44,000		44,000	
TOTAL ASSETS	2,663,610	791,258	3,454,868	
FUND BALANCES				
Restricted	330,312	791,258	1,121,570	
Assigned	45,646		45,646	
Unassigned	2,287,652		2,287,652	
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	\$ 2,663,610	791,258	3,454,868	

# RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - MODIFIED CASH BASIS April 30, 2021

Total fund balances - governmental funds	\$ 3,454,868
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position - Modified Cash Basis are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore, are not reported in the funds.	3,994,570
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.	(891,510)
Net position of governmental activities	\$ 6,557,928

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES PAID AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Year ended April 30, 2021

	General Fund	Non-Major Funds	Total	
Revenues collected:				
Property taxes	\$ 888,588	3 138,359	1,026,947	
Replacement taxes	24,776		29,210	
Sales and local use taxes	964,27		964,277	
State income taxes	430,692		430,692	
Motor fuel taxes	,	133,282	133,282	
Rebuild Illinois grant		123,801	123,801	
Other grants	117,29:		121,991	
Donations	37,70		79,537	
Investment income	20,173		29,225	
Licenses, fees, and fines	102,123		111,017	
Garbage collection fees	308,663		308,663	
Intergovernmental - public safety	123,000		123,000	
Rental income	1,600		3,023	
Pool revenues	18,759		18,759	
Other income	78,91		79,468	
Other medite		331	77,400	
Total revenues collected	3,116,568	3 466,324	3,582,892	
Expenditures paid: Current:				
General government	551,623	3 15,500	567,123	
Public safety	923,832		923,832	
Streets and recycling	692,02		762,605	
Culture and recreation	53,890		218,662	
Debt service:	33,690	104,772	210,002	
Retirement of principal	98,276	5	98,276	
Interest	28,67		28,671	
Capital outlay	83,592	2 39,306	122,898	
Total expenditures paid	2,431,91	290,156	2,722,067	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues collected				
over (under) expenditures paid	684,65	7 176,168	860,825	
Other financing sources (uses):				
Transfers in	4,484	1	4,484	
Transfers out	, -	(4,484)	(4,484)	
Proceeds of long-term debt	175,000	` ' '	175,000	
Net other sources and uses of	173,000	,	173,000	
financial resources	179,484	4 (4,484)	175,000	
Net change in fund balances	864,14		1,035,825	
Fund balances - beginning	1,799,469	619,574	2,419,043	
Fund balances - ending	\$ 2,663,610		3,454,868	

See Notes to Financial Statements.

# RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES PAID AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS Year ended April 30, 2021

Net change in fund balances - governmental funds

\$ 1,035,825

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities - Modified Cash Basis are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures; however, in the Statement of Activities - Modified Cash Basis the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.

Capital asset purchases capitalized	\$ 285,187	
Construction in process completed	(32,758)	
Depreciation expense	(365,022)	(112,593)

Loan proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds in the period issued, but increase long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position - Modified Cash Basis.

(175,000)

Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position - Modified Cash Basis.

98,276

Change in net position of governmental activities

\$ 846,508

See Notes to Financial Statements.

# STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - MODIFIED CASH BASIS PROPRIETARY FUNDS April 30, 2021

April 30, 2021	Business-Type Activities Proprietary Funds			
	Water Fund	Sewer Fund	Total	
<u>ASSETS</u>				
Current assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,342,476	2,291,602	3,634,078	
Investments	459,197	1,057,472	1,516,669	
Total current assets	1,801,673	3,349,074	5,150,747	
Noncurrent assets				
Restricted investments	25,000	27,000	52,000	
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	2,201,063	31,135,522	33,336,585	
Total noncurrent assets	2,226,063	31,162,522	33,388,585	
TOTAL ASSETS	4,027,736	34,511,596	38,539,332	
<u>LIABILITIES</u>				
Current liabilities				
Current maturities of debt	40,831	335,718	376,549	
Total current liabilities	40,831	335,718	376,549	
Noncurrent liabilities				
EPA waste water treatment loans		20,431,107	20,431,107	
EPA drinking water loans	374,966		374,966	
Customer deposits	2,890		2,890	
Total noncurrent liabilities	377,856	20,431,107	20,808,963	
TOTAL LIABILITIES	418,687	20,766,825	21,185,512	
NET POSITION				
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	1,785,266	10,368,697	12,153,963	
Restricted for:				
Debt service	25,000	27,000	52,000	
Unrestricted	1,798,783	3,349,074	5,147,857	
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 3,609,049	13,744,771	17,353,820	

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES RECEIVED, EXPENSES PAID AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - MODIFIED CASH BASIS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Year ended April 30, 2021

Business-Type Activities Proprietary Funds

	 Proprietary Funds				
	 Water	Sewer	_		
	Fund	Fund	Total		
Operating revenues:					
Charges for services	\$ 1,060,085	1,128,860	2,188,945		
Operating expenses:					
Salaries and related expenses	324,897	210,060	534,957		
Contractual services	98,777	74,780	173,557		
Utilities	22,915	66,674	89,589		
Commodities	112,775	23,958	136,733		
Permits and fees		11,000	11,000		
Miscellaneous	2,514		2,514		
Depreciation	 137,035	98,533	235,568		
Total operating expenses	 698,913	485,005	1,183,918		
Operating income	 361,172	643,855	1,005,027		
Non-operating revenues (expenses):					
Interest income	31,308	65,538	96,846		
Interest expense	(7,185)	(7,359)	(14,544)		
Miscellaneous	11,715	654	12,369		
Loss on disposal of capital asset		(376,812)	(376,812)		
Forgiveness of debt		255,981	255,981		
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	 35,838	(61,998)	(26,160)		
Change in net position	397,010	581,857	978,867		
Net position - beginning	 3,212,039	13,162,914	16,374,953		
Net position - ending	\$ 3,609,049	13,744,771	17,353,820		

See Notes to Financial Statements.

# STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS PROPRIETARY FUNDS Year ended April 30, 2021

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Cash received from customers Cash paid to suppliers for goods and services Cash paid to employees for services  Net cash flows from operating activities	Water Fund \$ 1,060,085 (236,981) (324,897)	Sewer Fund 1,128,860 (176,412) (210,060)	Total 2,188,945
Cash received from customers Cash paid to suppliers for goods and services Cash paid to employees for services	(236,981) (324,897)	(176,412)	2,188,945
Cash paid to suppliers for goods and services Cash paid to employees for services	(236,981) (324,897)	(176,412)	2,188,945
Cash paid to employees for services	(324,897)		
		(210,060)	(413,393)
Net cash flows from operating activities	400 207		(534,957)
	498,207	742,388	1,240,595
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Miscellaneous non operating receipts	11,715	654	12,369
Net cash flows from noncapital financing activities	11,715	654	12,369
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Payments on construction in progress		(6,511,408)	(6,511,408)
Loan proceeds received		6,495,923	6,495,923
Principal payments on debt	(40,169)	(34,735)	(74,904)
Interest paid	(7,185)	(7,359)	(14,544)
Acquisition of capital assets	(59,774)	(2,998)	(62,772)
Net cash flows from capital and related financing activities	(107,128)	(60,577)	(167,705)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Proceeds from investments	35,104	143,198	178,302
Interest received on certificates of deposit	31,308	65,538	96,846
Net cash flows from investing activities	66,412	208,736	275,148
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	469,206	891,201	1,360,407
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	873,270	1,400,401	2,273,671
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	1,342,476	2,291,602	3,634,078
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Operating income Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash flows from operating activities:	361,172	643,855	1,005,027
Depreciation	137,035	98,533	235,568
Net cash flows from operating activities	\$ 498,207	742,388	1,240,595

See Notes to Financial Statements.

Forgiveness of debt - EPA sewer loan

\$ 255,981

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS April 30, 2021

# **Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies**

Except for the use of the modified cash basis of accounting as described later, accounting policies of the City of Fairbury, Illinois (the City) conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applicable to governments. The following is a summary of the significant policies. Generally accepted accounting principles include all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements.

**Reporting Entity:** For financial reporting purposes, in accordance with the *Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards*, Section 2100, the City of Fairbury, Illinois is a primary government in that it is a city with a separately elected governing body - one that is elected by the citizens in a general, popular election and is fiscally independent of other units of government.

Principles Used to Determine the Scope of the Reporting Entity: The City has developed criteria to determine whether other entities are component units of the City. Component units are legally separate organizations for which the elected officials of the City are financially accountable. The City would be considered financially accountable if it appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing body and (1) it is able to impose its will (significantly influence the programs, projects, activities, or level of services performed or provided by the organization) on the organization or (2) there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the City (i.e., entitled to or can access the organization's resources; is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the obligation to finance deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or is obligated in some manner for the debt of the organization).

If an organization is fiscally dependent on the City, the City is considered financially accountable regardless of whether the organization has (1) a separately elected governing board, (2) a governing board appointed by a higher level of government, or (3) a jointly appointed board.

The City has determined that no other outside agency meets any of the above criteria and, therefore, no other agency has been included as a component unit in the financial statements. In addition, the City is not aware of any entity which would exercise such oversight as to result in the City being considered a component of the entity.

**Basis of Presentation:** The City's basic financial statements consist of government-wide financial statements, including a statement of net position and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

Government-wide Financial Statements: The Statement of Net Position - Modified Cash Basis and Statement of Activities - Modified Cash Basis display information about the reporting government as a whole. They include all funds of the reporting entity except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are supported by taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange revenues. Business-type activities are supported in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) April 30, 2021

# Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, continued

#### **Government-wide Financial Statements, continued:**

<u>The Statement of Net Position - Modified Cash Basis</u> presents the City's nonfiduciary assets and liabilities, with the difference reported as net position.

The Statement of Activities - Modified Cash Basis demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include (1) fees, fines and charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and (2) operating and capital grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

**Fund Financial Statements:** The accounts of the City are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts comprised of its assets, liabilities, fund balances, revenues, and expenditures. The City's resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as other non-major governmental funds.

Governmental Fund Types: Governmental Funds are those through which most governmental functions of the City are financed. The acquisition, use, and balances of the City's expendable financial resources and the related current liabilities are accounted for through Governmental Funds. The City's major Governmental Funds include the following:

General Fund: The General Fund is the general operating fund of the City. It is used to account for all financial resources and expenditures not required by law or contractual agreement to be accounted for in another fund.

<u>Non-Major Governmental Funds</u>: These funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. The City's non-major governmental funds include the following:

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u>: Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The City includes the following special revenue funds:

<u>Library Fund</u>: To account for the property taxes levied for library purposes and other resources used to provide library services to the citizens of the City.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) April 30, 2021

# Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, continued

#### **Fund Financial Statements, continued:**

Motor Fuel Tax Fund: To account for the operations of the City's Street Department in connection with highway construction and maintenance projects authorized by the Illinois Department of Transportation. Financing is provided by the City's share of the state motor fuel tax.

<u>Audit Fund</u>: To account for the revenue and expenditures resulting from the City's compliance with the "Municipal Auditing Law" as stipulated in Chapter 65 of the Illinois Compiled Statutes. Financing is provided by a specific annual real estate tax levy and payments are made only for the costs of the annual audit of all City funds.

<u>Proprietary Fund Types</u>: Proprietary funds are used to account for operations: (a) that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises – where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or (b) where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes. The City maintains the following proprietary funds:

<u>Enterprise Funds</u>: To account for resources from fees charged directly to those entities or individuals that use its services. The City reports the following enterprise funds as major proprietary funds.

<u>Water Fund</u>: To account for the water operations. Revenue is provided through user charges which are designed to pay operating expenses (including depreciation of the Fund's capital assets) and provide for a net income to finance the continued operations of the system.

<u>Sewer Fund</u>: To account for the wastewater operations. Revenue is provided through user charges which are designed to pay operating expenses (including depreciation of the Fund's capital assets) and provide for a net income to finance the continued operations of the system.

**Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting:** Measurement focus refers to what is being measured. Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurement made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

The government-wide financial statements and the proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the modified cash basis of accounting.

• The accounting objectives of this measurement focus are the determination of operating income, changes in net position (or cost recovery), financial position, and cash flows. All assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent, financial or nonfinancial) associated with their activities are reported. Proprietary fund equity is classified as net position.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) April 30, 2021

# Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, continued

#### Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting, continued:

• This basis of accounting recognizes assets, liabilities, net position/fund balance, revenues, and expenditures/expenses when they result from cash transactions with a provision for depreciation in the government-wide statements and proprietary fund statements. This basis is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. As a result of the use of the modified cash basis of accounting, certain assets and their related revenues (such as accounts receivable and revenue for billed or provided services not yet collected) and certain liabilities and their related expenses (such as accounts payable and expenses for goods or services received but not yet paid, and accrued expenses and liabilities) are not recorded in these financial statements.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified cash basis of accounting. Only current financial assets and liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets. Their operating statements present sources and uses of available spendable financial resources during a given period. These funds use fund balance as their measure of available spendable financial resources at the end of the period.

Proprietary fund financial statements distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the City's enterprise funds are charges to customers for services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services and administrative expenses. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

**Governmental Fund Balances:** Fund Balance is the difference between assets and liabilities in a Governmental Fund. The following types of fund balances may be presented in the Governmental Funds Statement of Assets, Liabilities and Fund Balances - Modified Cash Basis and Governmental Funds Combining Schedule of Accounts:

Nonspendable Fund Balance: The portion of a Governmental Fund's net position that is not available to be spent, either short term or long term, in either form or through legal restrictions. There are no accounts presenting a nonspendable fund balance.

Restricted Fund Balance: The portion of a Governmental Fund's net position that is subject to external enforceable legal restrictions. The following accounts have restricted fund balances: General Fund, Library Fund, Motor Fuel Tax Fund, and Audit Fund, as well as Water Fund and Sewer Fund restricted for debt service.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) April 30, 2021

# Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, continued

#### **Governmental Fund Balances, continued:**

<u>Committed Fund Balance</u>: The portion of a Governmental Fund's net position with self-imposed constraints or limitations that has been placed at the highest level of decision making authority (the City Council). The committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the City Council takes the same formal action to remove or change the imposed constraints. There are no accounts presenting a committed fund balance.

Assigned Fund Balance: The portion of a Governmental Fund's net position to denote an intended use of resources. The City Council, through resolution establishing the City's fund balance policy, has delegated to the City Administrator the authority to assign amounts to specific purposes. Pursuant to the City's fund balance policy, any fund balance assigned by the City Administrator must be reported to the City Council at its next regular meeting. The City Council has the authority to remove or change the assigned fund balance with a simple majority vote. The account presenting an assigned fund balance is the General Fund.

<u>Unassigned Fund Balance</u>: Available expendable financial resources in a governmental fund that are not designated for a specific purpose. In governmental funds other than the General Fund, the unassigned fund balance classification would only be used, as applicable, to report a deficit balance in that fund. The General Fund presents an unassigned fund balance.

**Net Position:** Equity in the government-wide statements is classified as net position. Net position represents the difference between assets and liabilities and is displayed in three components:

<u>Invested in capital assets, net of related debt</u>: Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

<u>Restricted net position</u>: Consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Unrestricted net position</u>: All other net position that does not meet the definition of "restricted" or "invested in capital assets, net of related debt."

Use of Restricted Resources: When an expense is incurred that can be paid using either restricted or unrestricted resources (net position), the City's policy is to first apply the expense toward restricted resources and then toward unrestricted resources. In governmental funds, the City's policy is to first apply the expenditure toward restricted fund balance and then to other, less-restrictive classifications - committed and then assigned fund balances before using unassigned fund balances.

The City does not have a formal minimum fund balance policy.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) April 30, 2021

# Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, continued

**Budgets:** The budget for all governmental fund types is prepared on the modified cash basis of accounting, which is the same basis that is used in financial reporting. This allows for comparability between budget and actual amounts. The original and final budget was passed through an appropriations ordinance on July 15, 2020.

For each fund, total fund expenditures may not legally exceed the budgeted expenditures. The budget lapses at the end of each fiscal year. The City adopts its annual budget in accordance with Chapter 65, Paragraph 5/8-2-9 of the Illinois Compiled Statutes, as follows:

- (1) The budget officer submits to the City Council a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing May 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- (2) The Council approves the proposed operating budget as a basis for the appropriation.
- (3) A public hearing is conducted to obtain taxpayer comments on the appropriation.
- (4) Prior to August 1, the budget is legally adopted through passage of an appropriations ordinance.
- (5) Budgeted amounts may be transferred between object classes within a fund at any time. The annual budget may be revised by a vote of two-thirds of the City Council by deleting, adding to, or changing budgeted items. Except as provided for by the statute, no revision of the budget can be made increasing the budget in the event funds are not available.

The City also adopts an informal operating budget for proprietary funds containing estimated revenues and expenditures, which is used as a management control device.

Use of Estimates in Preparing Financial Statements: The preparation of financial statements in conformity with the modified cash basis of accounting used by the City requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues, expenditures, gains, losses, and other changes in fund balance during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

**Compensated Absences:** As a result of using the modified cash basis of accounting, liabilities related to accrued compensated absences are not recorded in the government-wide or fund financial statements. Expenditures/expenses related to compensated absences are recorded when paid. It is the City's policy to permit employees to accumulate a limited amount of sick time (maximum of 48 days per employee). Vacation time must be taken annually based upon the calendar year or it is forfeited. Upon termination, employees are paid for unused sick and vacation time, up to a maximum of 30 days.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) April 30, 2021

# Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, continued

**Interfund Balances and Activities:** Activity between funds that is representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year is referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e. the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e. the noncurrent portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds is reported as "due to/from other funds."

Interfund activity and balances, if any, are eliminated or reclassified in the government-wide financial statements.

Cash and Cash Equivalents: For purposes of the Statement of Cash Flows - Modified Cash Basis, the City's proprietary fund considers all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

**Investments:** The City's investments are comprised of certificates of deposit. Certificates of deposit are classified together regardless of maturity. Certificates of deposit are carried at cost, which approximates fair value.

**Notes Receivable:** The City occasionally makes community development assistance loans to local businesses. During the fiscal year ended April 30, 2021, two loans were discharged, totaling \$ 44,684. This amount is included in general government expenditures on the Statement of Revenues Collected, Expenditures Paid and Changes in Fund Balances – Modified Cash Basis – Governmental Funds. As of April 30, 2021, there are no loans outstanding.

Construction in Progress: Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets, if any, is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed. No provision for depreciation is made on construction in progress until such time as the relevant assets are completed and put into use. Construction in progress at April 30, 2021 represents the Long Term Control Plan for the sewer project, a squad car for the police department, and sidewalk and railing infrastructure.

Capital Assets: The City's modified cash basis of accounting reports capital assets resulting from cash transactions and reports depreciation where appropriate. The accounting treatment over property, plant and equipment (capital assets) depends on whether the assets are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

Government-Wide Statements: In the government-wide financial statements, capital assets arising from cash transactions are accounted for as assets in the Statement of Net Position - Modified Cash Basis. All capital assets are valued at historical cost less a provision for depreciation. Prior to May 1, 2004, governmental funds' infrastructure assets were not capitalized. Infrastructure assets acquired since May 1, 2004 are capitalized at cost.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the assets or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) April 30, 2021

# Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, continued

#### Capital Assets, continued:

Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets arising from cash transactions is recorded as an allocated expense in the Statement of Activities - Modified Cash Basis, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the Statement of Net Position - Modified Cash Basis. Depreciation is provided over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight-line method of depreciation. A capitalization threshold of \$20,000 for infrastructure and \$2,500 for all other capital assets is used. The range of estimated useful lives by type of asset is as follows:

Building and improvements	10-50 years
Improvements other than buildings	10-40 years
Machinery, furniture, and equipment	3-40 years
Infrastructure	20-40 years

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u>: In the fund financial statements, capital assets arising from cash transactions acquired for use in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition. Capital assets acquired for use in proprietary fund operations are accounted for the same as in the government-wide statements.

**Long-term Debt:** All long-term debt arising from cash basis transactions to be repaid from governmental and business-type resources is reported as liabilities in the government-wide statements.

Long-term debt arising from cash basis transactions of governmental funds is not reported as liabilities in the fund financial statements. The debt proceeds are reported as other financing sources and payment of principal and interest reported as expenditures. The accounting for proprietary funds is the same in the fund financial statements as the treatment in the government-wide statements.

**Program Revenues:** In the Statement of Activities - Modified Cash Basis, modified cash basis revenues that are derived directly from each activity or from parties outside the City's taxpayers are reported as program revenues. The City has the following program revenues in each activity:

- General government Licenses, permits and fees, grants, and contributions
- Public safety Fine revenue, grants from other governmental entities, and contributions
- Streets and recycling Garbage collection
- Culture and recreation Pool and Library revenues

All other governmental revenues are reported as general. All taxes are classified as general revenue even if restricted for a specific purpose.

**Operating Revenue and Expenses:** Operating revenues and expenses for proprietary funds result from providing services and producing and delivering goods and/or services. They also include all revenues and expenses related to capital and related financing, noncapital financing, or investing activities.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) April 30, 2021

# Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, continued

New Accounting Pronouncements: During the year ended April 30, 2021, the City adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 95, *Postponement of the Effective Dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance*. This statement was issued in order to provide temporary relief in light of the COVID-19 pandemic by postponing the effective dates of certain other GASB Statements and Implementation Guides. As a result of this, the City did not adopt any other new accounting pronouncements during the fiscal year ended April 30, 2021.

#### **Note 2 - Cash and Investments**

The *Illinois Compiled Statutes* authorize the City to make deposits and invest in U.S. Government, State of Illinois, and municipal securities; certificates of deposit or time savings deposits insured by the FDIC; mortgage notes, bonds, or debentures issued by the Federal Housing Administration; bonds and other obligations of the Federal National Mortgage Association; commercial paper rated within the three highest classifications by at least two standard rating services; credit union shares; and the Illinois Public Treasurer's Investment Pool.

The City's cash and investments at April 30, 2021 consisted of deposits with financial institutions, including certificates of deposit and money market funds. Separate bank accounts are not maintained for all City funds. Instead, certain general and special revenue funds maintain their cash balances in common demand deposit, money market accounts and certificates of deposit. Accounting records are maintained to show the portion of the common cash and balances attributable to each participating fund. At April 30, 2021, the carrying amount of the City's various bank deposits totaled \$8,657,615 and the bank balances totaled \$8,684,252.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the deposits of the City may not be returned or the City will not be able to recover collateral securities in the possession of an outside party. The City does not have a policy to address custodial credit risk. Deposits of the City's reporting entity are insured or collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the name of the City. At April 30, 2021, \$1,016,248 of the deposits made by the City were covered by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation (FDIC), and \$7,668,004 were collateralized by the respective institution. The City's certificates of deposit have original maturities from 15 months to 120 months.

The deposits are reflected on the financial statements at April 30, 2021 as follows:

Government-wide statement of net position - modified cash basis:

Cash
Insured cash sweep
Certificates of deposit (reported as Investments)
Certificates of deposit (reported as Restricted Investments)
96,000
\$ 8,657,615

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) April 30, 2021

#### Note 2 - Cash and Investments, continued

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. The City does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. The City's investments in certificates of deposit are as follows:

	Fa	ir Value	Interest Rate	Terms in Months	Maturity Date
					-
Busey Bank	\$	5,306	0.10%	36 mo	4/14/23
Bank of Pontiac	1,	374,713	2.80%	28 mo	7/27/21
Morton Community					
Bank		64,000	1.50 to 1.71%	60 to 120 mo	2/26/23 - 3/24/23
First State Bank					
of Forrest		287,511	0.40 to 3.00%	15 to 60 mo	1/28/22 - 6/13/23
			_		
	\$ 1,	731,530	=		

# **Note 3 - Restricted Investments**

Ordinance 2012-13, approved June 5, 2012, provided for the issuance of \$500,000 General Obligation Bonds. The proceeds of this issue were used to construct and equip a public safety building (fire station). The certificate of deposit restricted for debt service of these bonds at April 30, 2021 was \$44,000.

In connection with the \$627,937 EPA wastewater treatment loan agreement and the \$595,825 EPA drinking water loan agreement, the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency requires the City to establish wastewater and waterworks reserve accounts equal to one years' principal and interest payments to fund future required loan payments. As of April 31, 2021, the balances of the wastewater and waterworks restricted accounts were \$27,000 and \$25,000, respectively.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) April 30, 2021

**Note 4 - Capital Assets** 

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended April 30, 2021 was as follows:

	Balance April 30, 2020	Additions	Deletions	Balance April 30, 2021
Governmental activities:				
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 1,071,332			1,071,332
Construction in progress	32,758	42,810	32,758	42,810
Total assets not being depreciated	1,104,090	42,810	32,758	1,114,142
Other capital assets:				
Land improvements	164,011			164,011
Buildings and improvements	2,380,717	16,387		2,397,104
Vehicles	2,441,411	51,010		2,492,421
Equipment	2,379,260	174,980		2,554,240
Infrastructure	288,932			288,932
Total other capital assets	7,654,331	242,377	-	7,896,708
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Land improvements	102,297	5,056		107,353
Buildings and improvements	979,797	68,185		1,047,982
Vehicles	1,581,755	165,573		1,747,328
Equipment	1,850,804	111,762		1,962,566
Infrastructure	136,605	14,446		151,051
Total accumulated depreciation	4,651,258	365,022	-	5,016,280
Other capital assets, net	3,003,073	(122,645)	-	2,880,428
Governmental activities, net	\$ 4,107,163	(79,835)	32,758	3,994,570
Depreciation expense for the year ended April 30, 2	021 was charged	to functions	of the City as	s follows:
Conoral government				\$ 89,482
General government Public safety				93,728
Streets and recycling				145,761
Culture and recreation				36,051
Total depreciation expense - governmental	activities			\$ 365,022

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) April 30, 2021

# Note 4 - Capital Assets, continued

	Balance			Balance
<b></b>	April 30, 2020	Additions	Deletions	April 30, 2021
Business-type activities:				
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 52,245			52,245
Construction in progress	23,024,523	6,511,408		29,535,931
Total assets not being depreciated	23,076,768	6,511,408	-	29,588,176
Other capital assets:				
Utility plant	8,462,964			8,462,964
Wells and improvements	999,009	37,000		1,036,009
Water tower	1,000,616			1,000,616
Vehicles	144,407			144,407
Equipment	2,200,673	25,772	633,547	1,592,898
Infrastructure	2,398,079			2,398,079
Total other capital assets	15,205,748	62,772	633,547	14,634,973
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Utility plant	8,181,169	30,035		8,211,204
Wells and improvements	603,053	29,988		633,041
Water tower	439,238	25,015		464,253
Vehicles	95,025	16,374		111,399
Equipment	1,089,223	74,156	256,735	906,644
Infrastructure	500,023	60,000		560,023
Total accumulated depreciation	10,907,731	235,568	256,735	10,886,564
Other capital assets, net	4,298,017	(172,796)	376,812	3,748,409
Business-type activities, net	\$ 27,374,785	6,338,612	376,812	33,336,585
Depreciation expense for the year ended April 30	), 2021 was charge	ed to function	s of the City	as follows:
Water				\$ 137,035
Sewer				98,533
Total depreciation expense - busin	\$ 235,568			

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) April 30, 2021

#### **Note 5 - Long-term Debt**

The City's long-term debt arising from cash transactions is segregated between amounts to be paid from governmental activities and amounts repaid from business-type activities.

The changes in the City's long-term debt for the year ended April 30, 2021 are as follows:

		Balance il 30, 2020	Additions	Reductions	Balance April 30, 2021	Amount Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities:					1	
Bonds payable	\$	370,000		25,000	345,000	25,000
Notes payable		45,992	175,000	34,260	186,732	43,352
						_
		415,992	175,000	59,260	531,732	68,352
Business-type Activities:						
Notes payable	\$ 1	5,017,584	6,495,923	330,885	21,182,622	309,086

#### **Governmental Activities:**

As of April 30, 2021, the long-term debt, arising from cash transactions payable from governmental fund resources consisted of the following:

#### Bonds Payable:

On June 20, 2012, the City issued general obligation bonds in the principal amount of \$500,000 with interest rates ranging from 2.8% to 7.0% due at various maturity dates until December 2031. The bond proceeds were used to offset expenditures incurred in construction and equipping of the Brian J. Munz Public Safety Complex.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) April 30, 2021

#### Note 5 - Long-term Debt, continued

The schedule of principal and interest requirements of the bonds payable are as follows:

	June 1	Dece	mber 1	
Year ending April 30,	Interest	Interest	Principal	Total
2022	\$ 5,813	5,813	25,000	36,626
2023	5,463	5,463	25,000	35,926
2024	5,088	5,088	30,000	40,176
2025	4,623	4,623	30,000	39,246
2026	4,143	4,143	30,000	38,286
2027-2031	12,910	12,910	165,000	190,820
2032	760	760	40,000	41,520
	\$ 38,800	38,800	345,000	422,600

#### Notes Payable:

\$ 183,967 note payable to Illinois Finance Authority for a fire truck, payable in annual installments of \$ 9,199, non-interest bearing, final payment due November 2024, secured by fire truck, net book value \$ 33,727.

\$ 36,794

\$ 175,000 note payable to Morton Community Bank for fire department equipment, payable in quarterly installments of \$ 9,224, including principal and interest at 2%, final payment due May 2025.

\$ 149,938

The schedule of principal and interest requirements on the notes payable is as follows:

2022       \$ 2,741       43,352       46,093         2023       2,053       44,040       46,093         2024       1,351       44,743       46,094         2025       635       45,459       46,094         2026       45       9,138       9,183	Year ended April 30,	Interest	Principal	Total Due
2023       2,053       44,040       46,093         2024       1,351       44,743       46,094         2025       635       45,459       46,094         2026       45       9,138       9,183				
2024       1,351       44,743       46,094         2025       635       45,459       46,094         2026       45       9,138       9,183	2022	\$ 2,741	43,352	46,093
2025 635 45,459 46,094 2026 45 9,138 9,183	2023	2,053	44,040	46,093
2026 45 9,138 9,183	2024	1,351	44,743	46,094
	2025	635	45,459	46,094
\$ 6.925 196.722 102.557	2026	45	9,138	9,183
\$ 6.925 196.720 102.557				
\$ 0,823 180,732 193,337		\$ 6,825	186,732	193,557

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) April 30, 2021

#### Note 5 - Long-term Debt, continued

#### **Business-Type Activities:**

As of April 30, 2021, the long-term debt, arising from cash transactions payable from proprietary fund resources consisted of the following:

#### Notes Payable:

\$ 228,948 note payable (\$ 235,872 available) to Illinois Environmental Protection Agency for water meter improvements, payable in semi-annual installments of \$ 6,196, including principal and interest at 1.995%, final payment due April 2024.	\$	35,957
\$ 258,046 note payable to Illinois Environmental Protection Agency for sewer improvements, payable in semi-annual installments of \$ 7,874, including principal and interest at 1.93%, final payment due July 2034.		185,702
\$ 627,937 note payable to Illinois Environmental Protection Agency for sewer improvements, payable in semi-annual installments of \$ 13,172, including principal and interest at 1.25%, final payment due January 2032.		267,522
\$ 595,825 note payable to Illinois Environmental Protection Agency for water main improvements, payable in semi-annual installments of \$ 12,321, including principal and interest at 1.25%, final payment due January 2032.		252,519
\$ 165,768 note payable to Illinois Environmental Protection Agency for water tower improvements, payable in semi-annual installments of \$ 5,160, including principal and interest at 2.21%, final payment due August 2035.		127,321
\$ 29,981,843 note payable to Illinois Environmental Protection Agency for the long-term control plan sewer project; payable in semi-annual installments including principal and interest at 1.00% as follows: \$ 405,303 at December 9, 2021; \$ 408,591 at June 9, 2022; and \$ 408,577 at		
December 9, 2022 and thereafter. Final payment is due June 9, 2051. The first \$ 9,129,310 of the loan was forgiven.	2	0,313,601
	\$ 2	1,182,622

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) April 30, 2021

#### Note 5 - Long-term Debt, continued

The schedule of principal and interest requirements on the business-type activities long-term debt is as follows:

Year ended April 30,	Interest		Principal	Total
2022	\$	118,201	376,549	494,750
2023		218,967	687,648	906,615
2024		211,616	695,035	906,651
2025		204,257	689,953	894,210
2026		197,004	697,206	894,210
2027-2031		873,445	3,597,603	4,471,048
2032-2036		684,679	3,550,412	4,235,091
2037-2041		505,483	3,580,290	4,085,773
2042-2046		322,387	3,763,387	4,085,774
2047-2051		129,927	3,137,994	3,267,921
2052		2,032	406,545	408,577
	\$ 3	3,467,988	21,182,622	24,650,620

The City is limited under state law to aggregate indebtedness of 8.625% of assessed valuation. This limitation does not apply to indebtedness used to finance fire protection equipment and facilities or water and wastewater treatment facilities or alternate revenue bonds. The available legal debt margin was \$4,159,064 at April 30, 2021.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) April 30, 2021

#### **Note 6 - Capital Lease**

During the fiscal year ended April 30, 2018, the City acquired a fire truck via a capital lease. The lease payments are \$51,577 annually for twelve years at 3.15%, beginning September 30, 2017 with a \$1 purchase option at the end of the lease term.

The following is a summary of property held under the capital lease as of April 30, 2021:

Governmental activities:

Vehicles Less accumulated depreciation	\$ 508,835 (99,647)
Total net property held under capital lease	\$ 409,188

Depreciation on the asset held under capital lease charged to expense during the fiscal year ended April 30, 2021 was \$ 25,442, and is included with depreciation expense.

The following is a schedule of the future minimum payments required under the lease:

Year ended April 30,	Interest	Principal	Total
2022	\$ 11,333	40,244	51,577
2023	10,065	41,512	51,577
2024	8,758	42,820	51,578
2025	7,409	44,169	51,578
2026	6,018	45,560	51,578
2027-2029	9,260	145,473	154,733
	\$ 52,843	359,778	412,621

Total interest cost incurred on the capital lease for the year ended April 30, 2021 was \$ 12,562.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) April 30, 2021

#### **Note 7 - Governmental Fund Balances**

The following is a detailed summary of fund balance classifications as presented in the governmental funds Statement of Assets, Liabilities and Fund Balances - Modified Cash Basis. The following is a summary of restricted fund balances:

Canine unit	\$	87,841
IMRF		612
Unemployment insurance		15,272
Fire station (bonds)		44,000
Law enforcement		63,045
Fire department		115,160
Street lighting		4,382
Street repair and improvements		615,412
Library		163,873
Audit		11,973
	\$ 1	,121,570

The street repair and improvements, library, and audit fund balances presented above represent resources restricted for the Motor Fuel Fund, Library Fund, and Audit Fund, respectively. The remaining amounts above represent resources restricted for the indicated purposes within the General Fund.

The assigned amount for the General Fund of \$45,646 represents vehicle seizure funds (law enforcement) assigned for police equipment to be determined and amounts assigned for the insurance fund.

#### **Note 8 - Interfund Transactions**

#### **Interfund Transfers**:

Transfers between funds of the primary government for the year ended April 30, 2021 were as follows:

	Transfer In	Transfer Out
General Fund Motor Fuel Tax Fund	\$ 4,484	4,484
	\$ 4,484	4,484

The interfund transfer represents the reimbursement of an expenditure incurred by one fund but paid by another.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) April 30, 2021

#### Note 8 - Interfund Transactions, continued

#### Due To/From Other Funds:

As of April 30, 2021, there were no interfund receivables and payables.

#### **Note 9 - Other Disclosures**

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require disclosure of certain information concerning individual funds (which are presented only in combination on the financial statements). Funds having deficit fund balances and funds which overextended appropriations during the year are required to be disclosed.

- A. There were no funds with a deficit fund balance at April 30, 2021.
- B. There were no funds that had an excess of actual expenditures over budget for the year ended April 30, 2021.

#### **Note 10 - Risk Management**

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; workers' compensation; and natural disasters. The City self-insures the risk of damage to small equipment owned by the various departments within the City. Consequently, the City is responsible for the cost of repairing or replacing such small equipment if it is damaged, destroyed or stolen. The City carries commercial insurance for all other risks of loss, including workers' compensation and employee health and accident insurance. There has not been a significant reduction in insurance coverage from the previous year. The City has not incurred an event where the settlement was over the coverage amount in the past three fiscal years.

#### **Note 11 - Property Taxes**

Real estate taxes are a lien on individual properties from January 1 in the year in which the taxes are levied. The levy must be filed with the County Clerk by the last Tuesday in December each year. The tax levy for the taxes collected in the fiscal year ended April 30, 2021 was passed November 6, 2019.

Due dates by statute are June 1 and September 1 of the following year. Generally, collections of tax monies are made within 30 to 60 days of the due dates. The following are the tax rate limits permitted by state law and local referendum and the actual rates levied for 2019 per \$ 100 of assessed valuation:

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) April 30, 2021

**Note 11 - Property Taxes, continued** 

	Rate	2019
Type of Tax	Limits	Actual Levy
Corporate	0.4375	0.38883
Garbage	0.2000	0.19969
Fire protection	0.6000	0.09224
Public benefits	0.0500	0.04993
Police protection	0.6000	0.32282
Audit	No limit	0.03136
IMRF	No limit	0.27670
Tort	No limit	0.12950
Unemployment compensation	No limit	0.00738
Social security	No limit	0.11991
Street lighting	0.0500	0.04612
Total tax rates		1.66448
County Clerk Extension		\$ 889,375
Assessed Valuation	\$ 54,211,035	

#### **Note 12 - Retirement Plan**

**IMRF Plan Description:** The City's defined benefit pension plan for regular employees provides retirement and disability benefits, post-retirement increases, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The City's plan is managed by the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF), the administrator of a multi-employer public pension fund. A summary of IMRF's pension benefits is provided in the "Benefits Provided" section of this note. Details of all benefits are available from IMRF. Benefit provisions are established by statute and may only be changed by the General Assembly of the State of Illinois. IMRF issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements, detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position, and required supplementary information. The report is available for download at www.imrf.org.

**Benefits Provided:** IMRF has three benefit plans. The vast majority of IMRF members participate in the Regular Plan (RP). The Sheriff's Law Enforcement Personnel (SLEP) plan is for sheriffs, deputy sheriffs, and selected police chiefs. Counties could adopt the Elected County Official (ECO) plan for officials elected prior to August 8, 2011 (the ECO plan was closed to new participants after that date).

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) April 30, 2021

#### Note 12 - Retirement Plan, continued

Benefits Provided, continued: All three IMRF benefit plans have two tiers. Employees hired *before* January 1, 2011, are eligible for Tier 1 benefits. Tier 1 employees are vested for pension benefits when they have at least eight years of qualifying service credit. Tier 1 employees who retire at age 55 (at reduced benefits) or after age 60 (at full benefits) with eight years of service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1-2/3% of the final rate of earnings for the first 15 years of service credit, plus 2% for each year of service credit after 15 years to a maximum of 75% of their final rate of earnings. Final rate of earnings is the highest total earnings during any consecutive 48 months within the last 10 years of service, divided by 48. Under Tier 1, the pension is increased by 3% of the original amount on January 1 every year after retirement.

Employees hired *on or after* January 1, 2011, are eligible for Tier 2 benefits. For Tier 2 employees, pension benefits vest after ten years of service. Participating employees who retire at age 62 (at reduced benefits) or after age 67 (at full benefits) with ten years of service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1-2/3% of the final rate of earnings for the first 15 years of service credit, plus 2% for each year of service credit after 15 years to a maximum of 75% of their final rate of earnings. Final rate of earnings is the highest total earnings during any 96 consecutive months within the last 10 years of service, divided by 96. Under Tier 2, the pension is increased on January 1 every year after retirement, upon reaching age 67, by the *lesser* of:

- 3% of the original pension amount, or
- ½ of the increase in the Consumer Price Index of the original pension amount.

**Employees Covered by Benefit Terms:** As of December 31, 2020, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

	IMIRF
Retirees and Beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	27
Inactive Plan Members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	24
Active Plan Members	29
Total	80

Contributions: As set by statute, the City's Regular Plan Members are required to contribute 4.50 percent of their annual covered salary. The statute requires employers to contribute the amount necessary, in addition to member contributions, to finance the retirement coverage of its own employees. The City's annual contribution rate for calendar year 2020 was 15.73 percent. For the calendar year ended 2020, the City contributed \$ 200,601 to the plan. The contribution rate includes contributions for disability benefits, death benefits, and supplemental retirement benefits, all of which are pooled at the IMRF level. Contribution rates for disability and death benefits are set by IMRF's Board of Trustees, while the supplemental retirement benefits rate is set by statute.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) April 30, 2021

#### Note 12 - Retirement Plan, continued

**Net Pension Liability:** The City's net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2020. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The net pension liability for the Regular Plan at December 31, 2020 is as follows:

	Regular
Total pension liability Plan fiduciary net position	\$ 8,738,385 
Net pension liability	\$ 800,904
Percent funded	90.83%

#### **Note 13 - Postemployment Benefits**

Prior to July 5, 2018, retirees of the City were able to elect to maintain health insurance, dental insurance, and vision insurance through the City subsequent to retirement. Such retirees are responsible for paying the full cost of all premiums. As of April 30, 2021, there were no retirees participating in the health insurance plan, but two retirees participating in the vision and dental insurance plans. As of July 5, 2018, the City policy changed to prohibit employees from maintaining City provided health insurance after retirement. The current retirees on the plan, however, are being allowed to continue their participation.

#### Note 14 - Fair Value Measurement

The City has adopted the fair value accounting guidance related to financial assets and liabilities. The guidance defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value and expands disclosures about fair value measurements. It also establishes a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs used to measure fair value:

- Level 1: Observable inputs that reflect unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities traded in active markets.
- Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.
- Level 3: Inputs that are generally unobservable. These inputs may be used with internally developed methodologies that result in management's best estimate of fair value.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) April 30, 2021

#### Note 14 - Fair Value Measurement, continued

Financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis during the year ended April 30, 2021:

Assets	Fair Value 4/30/2021	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Certificates of deposit	\$ 1,731,530	1,731,530		
	\$ 1,731,530	1,731,530	-	-

For the above noted certificates of deposit, the City uses quoted prices in active markets for identical assets to determine their fair value. Thus they are considered to be Level 1 instruments. There was no change in this valuation technique during the year ended April 30, 2021.

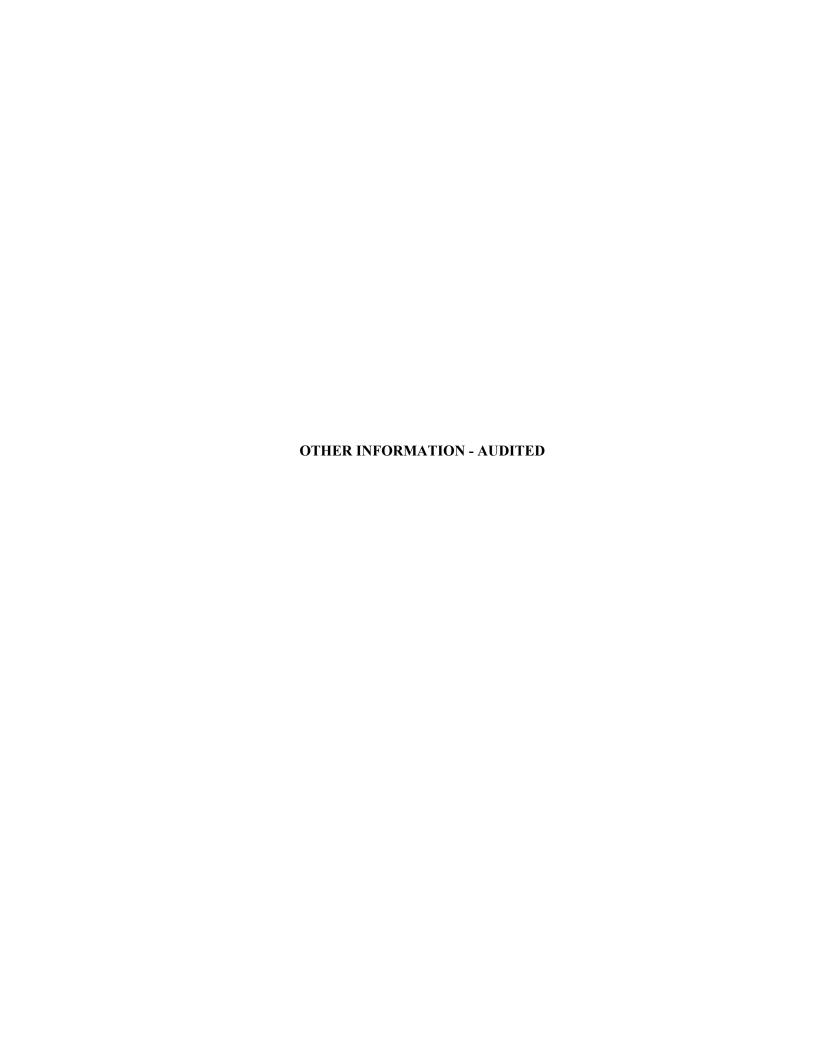
There were no major categories of assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a nonrecurring basis during the year ended April 30, 2021.

#### **Note 15 - Commitment**

The City has begun a Long-Term Control Plan related to a sewer department project. In May 2018, the City council approved an agreement in the amount of \$1,662,000 for on-site engineering services for the project. In July 2018, the City council awarded the project construction services to the lowest bidder, at an amount of \$26,681,375. This contract was modified by a change order in February 2021, increasing the amount to \$26,911,064. The project is being funded by a loan from the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency (see Note 5). As of the date of these financial statements, both the engineering and construction services have been completed.

#### **Note 16 - Subsequent Events**

The City has evaluated events occurring after the statement of net position - modified cash basis date through October 6, 2021, in order to determine their potential for recognition or disclosure in the financial statements. The latter date is the same date the financial statements were available to be issued.

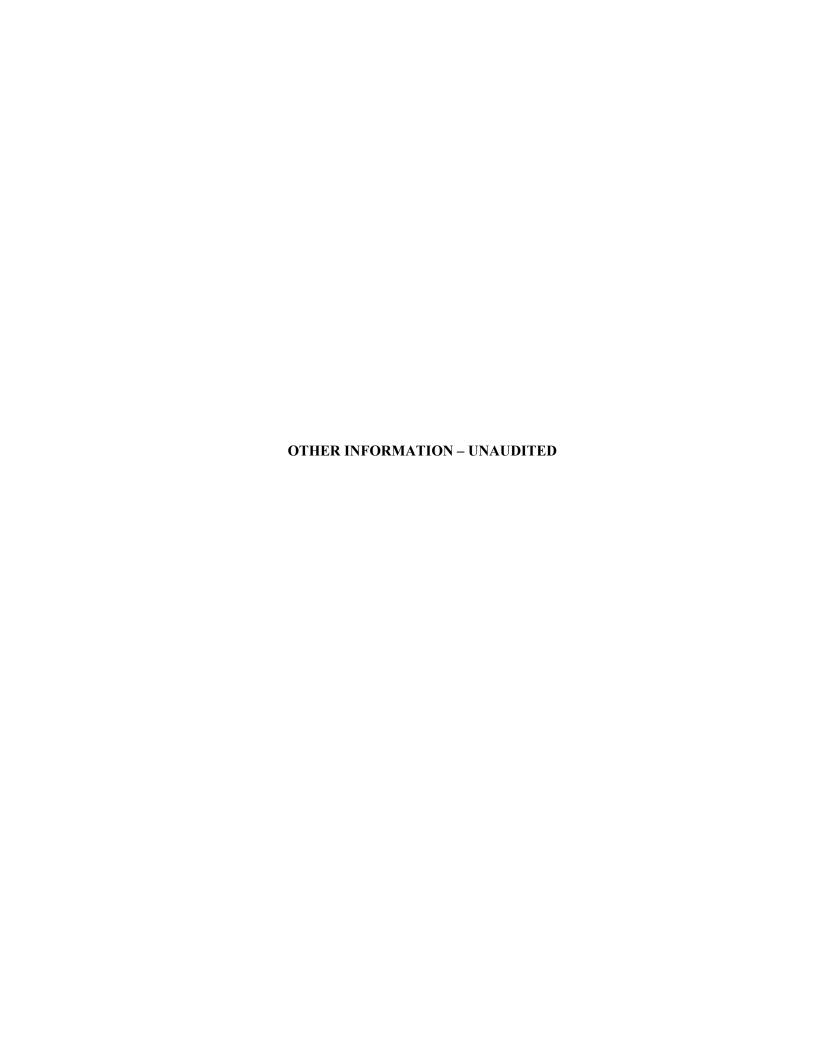


# COMBINING STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES - NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS April 30, 2021

		Library Motor Fuel Fund Tax Fund		Audit Fund	Total
ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents Investments	\$	150,259 13,614	510,165 105,247	11,973	672,397 118,861
TOTAL ASSETS		163,873	615,412	11,973	791,258
FUND BALANCES					
Fund Balances: Restricted		163,873	615,412	11,973	791,258
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	\$	163,873	615,412	11,973	791,258

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES PAID AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS Year ended April 30, 2021

		Spe			
		Library	Motor Fuel	Audit	
		Fund	Tax Fund	Fund	Total
Revenues collected:					
Property taxes	\$	121,955		16,404	138,359
Replacement taxes	Ψ	4,434		10,404	4,434
Motor fuel taxes		7,737	133,282		133,282
Rebuild Illinois grant			123,801		123,801
Other grants		4,696	123,001		4,696
Donations		41,832			41,832
Investment income		450	8,602		9,052
Licenses, fees, and fines		8,894	0,002		8,894
Rental income		1,423			1,423
Other income		551			551
other meonic		331			331
Total revenues collected		184,235	265,685	16,404	466,324
Expenditures paid:					
Current:					
General government				15,500	15,500
Streets and recycling			70,578	,	70,578
Culture and recreation		164,772	,		164,772
Capital outlay		39,306			39,306
Total expenditures paid		204,078	70,578	15,500	290,156
reture compensation para			7 0,2 7 0	10,000	2,0,100
Excess (deficiency) of revenues collected					
over (under) expenditures paid		(19,843)	195,107	904	176,168
Other financing sources (uses):					
Transfers out			(4,484)		(4,484)
Net change in fund balances		(19,843)	190,623	904	171,684
rect change in rund varances		(17,073)	170,023	70 <del>4</del>	1/1,004
Fund balances, beginning		183,716	424,789	11,069	619,574
Fund balances, ending	\$	163,873	615,412	11,973	791,258



#### BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE -MODIFIED CASH BASIS - GENERAL FUND Year ended April 30, 2021

		Budg	get		Over (Under)
		Original	Final	Actual	Budget
Revenues collected:					
	¢	950,000	950 000	888,588	20 500
Property taxes	\$	850,000	850,000		38,588
Replacement taxes		20,000	20,000	24,776	4,776
Sales, local use, and video gaming taxes		747,000	747,000	964,277	217,277
State income taxes		350,000	350,000	430,692	80,692
Grants and donations - nonpublic				117,295	117,295
Donations - public		2.500	2.500	37,705	37,705
Investment income		3,500	3,500	20,173	16,673
Licenses, fees and fines		89,000	89,000	102,123	13,123
Garbage collection fees		310,000	310,000	308,663	(1,337)
Intergovernmental - public safety		103,000	103,000	123,000	20,000
Rental income		1,000	1,000	1,600	600
Pool revenues		28,500	28,500	18,759	(9,741)
Other income		58,500	58,500	78,917	20,417
Total revenues collected		2,560,500	2,560,500	3,116,568	556,068
Expenditures paid:					
Current:					
General government		450,200	450,200	551,623	101,423
Public safety		796,550	796,550	923,832	127,282
•			•		
Streets and recycling Culture and recreation		761,200	761,200	692,027	(69,173)
		75,700	75,700	53,890	(21,810)
Capital outlay		1,401,300	1,401,300	83,592	(1,317,708)
Contingencies		200,000	200,000		(200,000)
Debt service:		20.500	20.500	00.056	<b>50 55</b> 6
Principal		38,500	38,500	98,276	59,776
Interest and fees	_			28,671	28,671
Total expenditures paid		3,723,450	3,723,450	2,431,911	(1,291,539)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues collected					
over (under) expenditures paid		(1,162,950)	(1,162,950)	684,657	1,847,607
Other financing sources (uses):					
Transfers in				4,484	4,484
Proceeds of long-term debt				175,000	175,000
Net other sources and uses of				175,000	175,000
				170 494	170 494
financial resources		-	-	179,484	179,484
Net change in fund balance	\$	(1,162,950)	(1,162,950)	864,141	2,027,091
Fund balance, beginning				1,799,469	
Fund balance, ending				\$ 2,663,610	
	_ 47	_	:	, ,- ,-	

#### BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE -MODIFIED CASH BASIS - LIBRARY FUND Year ended April 30, 2021

		Budge	et		Over (Under)	
		Original	Final	Actual	Budget	
Revenues collected:						
Property taxes	\$	118,000	118,000	121,955	3,955	
Replacement taxes	•	,	,	4,434	4,434	
Grants				4,696	4,696	
Donations				41,832	41,832	
Investment income				450	450	
Licenses, fees and fines				8,894	8,894	
Rental income				1,423	1,423	
Other income		88,100	88,100	551	(87,549)	
Total revenues collected	,	206,100	206,100	184,235	(21,865)	
Expenditures paid:						
Current:						
Culture and recreation		203,700	203,700	164,772	(38,928)	
Capital outlay		60,000	60,000	39,306	(20,694)	
Total expenditures paid		263,700	263,700	204,078	(59,622)	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues collected						
over (under) expenditures paid	\$	(57,600)	(57,600)	(19,843)	37,757	
Fund balance, beginning			_	183,716		
Fund balance, ending				\$ 163,873		

#### BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE -MODIFIED CASH BASIS - MOTOR FUEL TAX FUND Year ended April 30, 2021

	Budge			Over (Under)	
	Original	Final	Actual	Budget	
Revenues collected:					
Motor fuel taxes Rebuild Illinois grant	\$ 125,000	125,000	133,282 123,801	8,282	
Investment income	2,500	2,500	8,602	6,102	
Total revenues collected	127,500	127,500	265,685	14,384	
Expenditures paid: Current:					
Streets and recycling	150,000	150,000	70,578	(79,422)	
Total expenditures paid	 150,000	150,000	70,578	(79,422)	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues collected over (under) expenditures paid	 (22,500)	(22,500)	195,107	93,806	
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers out			(4,484)	(4,484)	
Net other sources and uses of financial resources	 -	-	(4,484)	(4,484)	
Net change in fund balance	\$ (22,500)	(22,500)	190,623	89,322	
Fund balance, beginning		_	424,789		
Fund balance, ending		9	615,412	:	

#### BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE -MODIFIED CASH BASIS - AUDIT FUND Year ended April 30, 2021

		Budg	et		Over (Under)	
	Original		Final	Actual	Budget	
Revenues collected:						
Property taxes	\$	17,000	17,000	16,404	(596)	
Total revenues collected		17,000	17,000	16,404	(596)	
Expenditures paid: Current:						
General government		17,000	17,000	15,500	(1,500)	
Total expenditures paid		17,000	17,000	15,500	(1,500)	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues collected over (under) expenditures paid	\$			904	904	
Fund balance, beginning				11,069	-	
Fund balance, ending				\$ 11,973	<u>.</u>	

#### BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE -MODIFIED CASH BASIS - WATER FUND Year ended April 30, 2021

	Budg			Over (Under)	
	Original	Final	Actual	Budget	
Operating revenues:	<b>4. 1.02.1.000</b>	1 02 1 000	1 060 005	26.005	
Charges for services	\$ 1,034,000	1,034,000	1,060,085	26,085	
Total operating revenues	1,034,000	1,034,000	1,060,085	26,085	
Operating expenses:					
Salaries and related expenses	308,700	308,700	324,897	16,197	
Contractual services	142,500	142,500	98,777	(43,723)	
Utilities	35,000	35,000	22,915	(12,085)	
Commodities	117,500	117,500	112,775	(4,725)	
Miscellaneous	3,200	3,200	2,514	(686)	
Projects	1,969,000	1,969,000	,-	(1,969,000)	
Contingencies	50,000	50,000		(50,000)	
Depreciation		,	137,035	137,035	
Total operating expenses	2,625,900	2,625,900	698,913	(1,926,987)	
Operating income (loss)	(1,591,900)	(1,591,900)	361,172	1,953,072	
Non-operating revenues (expenses):					
Interest income	20,000	20,000	31,308	11,308	
Gain (loss) on disposal of capital asset	3,000	3,000	21,200	(3,000)	
Interest expense	(7,500)	(7,500)	(7,185)	315	
Miscellaneous	15,000	15,000	11,715	(3,285)	
Loan principal repayment	(40,200)	(40,200)	,,	40,200	
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	(9,700)	(9,700)	35,838	45,538	
Change in net position	\$ (1,601,600)	(1,601,600)	397,010	1,998,610	
Net position, beginning		-	3,212,039		
Net position, ending		=	\$ 3,609,049	ı	

#### BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE -MODIFIED CASH BASIS - SEWER FUND Year ended April 30, 2021

	Budg	get		Over (Under)
	Original	Final	Actual	Budget
Operating revenues:				
Charges for services	\$ 1,162,000	1,162,000	1,128,860	(33,140)
Total operating revenues	1,162,000	1,162,000	1,128,860	(33,140)
Total operating revenues	1,102,000	1,102,000	1,120,000	(33,140)
Operating expenses:				
Salaries and related expenses	198,400	198,400	210,060	11,660
Contractual services	100,500	100,500	74,780	(25,720)
Utilities	72,000	72,000	66,674	(5,326)
Commodities	17,000	17,000	23,958	6,958
Permits and fees	11,000	11,000	11,000	-
Miscellaneous	1,000	1,000		(1,000)
Projects	8,356,000	8,356,000		(8,356,000)
Contingencies	100,000	100,000		(100,000)
Depreciation			98,533	98,533
Total operating expenses	8,855,900	8,855,900	485,005	(8,370,895)
Operating income (loss)	(7,693,900)	(7,693,900)	643,855	8,337,755
Non-operating revenues (expenses):				
Interest income	50,000	50,000	65,538	15,538
Interest expense	(7,400)	(7,400)	(7,359)	41
Miscellaneous	1,000	1,000	654	(346)
Loss on disposal of capital asset	,	,,,,,	(376,812)	(376,812)
Proceeds of long-term debt	7,500,000	7,500,000	(0,0,0)	(7,500,000)
Loan principal repayment	(1,060,000)	(1,060,000)		1,060,000
Forgiveness of debt		(1,000,000)	255,981	255,981
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	6,483,600	6,483,600	(61,998)	(6,545,598)
Change in net position	\$ (1,210,300)	(1,210,300)	581,857	1,792,157
Net position, beginning		_	13,162,914	
Net position, ending		_	\$ 13,744,771	

## EXPENDITURES PAID - BUDGET TO ACTUAL - MODIFIED CASH BASIS - GENERAL FUND Year ended April 30, 2021

	Budget	Actual
spenditures paid:		
General government		
Personnel services	\$ 284,000	313,512
Employee retirement	30,000	32,550
Insurance and supplies	16,000	10,92
Contingencies and maintenance	8,000	3,29
Utilities	25,000	21,42
Outside services	34,000	31,532
Projects		7,56
Pass-through grant funds		38,95
Discharge of DCCA debt		44,68
Other expenses	53,200	47,18
Total general government	450,200	551,62
Public safety		
Personnel services	555,750	596,90
Insurance and supplies	48,000	34,79
Repairs and maintenance	112,000	196,80
Utilities	10,500	10,26
Other expenses	70,300	85,06
Total public safety	796,550	923,83
Streets and recycling		
Personnel services	500,700	488,97
Insurance and supplies	33,000	27,64
Repairs and maintenance	141,500	101,92
Utilities	2,500	2,12
Garbage disposal	67,500	66,33
Other expenses	16,000	5,02
Total streets and recycling	761,200	692,02
Culture and recreation		
Personnel services	39,200	27,41
Insurance and supplies	16,000	14,31
Repairs and maintenance	8,500	1,04
Utilities	11,000	9,82
Other expenses	1,000	1,29
Total culture and recreation	75,700	53,89
Capital outlay	1,401,300	83,59
Contingencies	200,000	
Debt service		
Retirement of principal	38,500	98,27
Interest		28,67
Total debt service	38,500	126,94
Total general fund expenditures paid	\$ 3,723,450	2,431,91
- 53 -	ψ 3,123, <del>1</del> 30	2,131,71

#### STATEMENTS OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND OTHER DATA - MODIFIED CASH BASIS - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Five Years ended April 30, 2021

	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
RECEIPTS					
Property taxes	\$ 1,026,947	996,928	989,293	957,878	943,565
Replacement taxes	29,210	30,979	22,767	22,799	27,972
Sales and local use taxes	964,277	848,273	741,325	717,125	675,434
State income taxes	430,692	407,200	364,764	397,962	357,714
Motor fuel taxes	133,282	135,813	95,812	95,552	95,551
Rebuild Illinois grant	123,801	,-	/-	,	/
Other grants	121,991	66,787	60,975	47,727	59,893
Donations	79,537	2,929	66,118	111,360	,
Investment income	29,225	20,624	9,810	9,461	4,913
Licenses, fees and fines	111,017	121,754	108,177	128,029	99,732
Garbage collection fees	308,663	305,561	298,197	289,043	247,829
Intergovernmental - public safety	123,000	22,000	22,010	23,365	22,915
Rental income	3,023	2,996	2,947	3,076	3,156
Pool revenues	18,759	34,098	33,135	31,854	34,500
Other income	79,468	129,997	252,952	252,325	284,287
other medice	75,100	125,557	232,732	232,323	201,207
Total receipts	3,582,892	3,125,939	3,068,282	3,087,556	2,857,461
DISBURSEMENTS					
Police	641,363	572,152	723,197	627,258	716,170
Streets and recycling	639,495	608,056	694,697	680,786	655,681
Fire	216,173	66,250	64,810	77,605	68,209
Park and pool	53,890	73,635	76,369	65,594	78,936
Library	164,772	157,104	161,225	154,305	161,218
General government salaries	313,512	303,098	359,834	344,137	282,830
Repairs and maintenance	8,993	18,879	32,468	36,665	23,961
Utilities	21,421	22,645	23,238	22,342	18,496
Insurance	10,923	16,670	18,276	20,835	21,938
Outside services	47,032	34,960	25,417	30,299	592,104
Projects	7,566	6,688	4,689	883,134	2,10.
Administrative	35,280	38,404	21,867	24,358	33,487
Pass-through grant funds	38,950	20,.0.	21,007	2.,550	22,.07
Discharge of DCCA debt	44,684				
Other	6,207	8,289	7,366	7,190	88,093
Motor fuel	70,578	25,352	279,410	82,997	87,010
Employee retirement	151,383	121,390	252,704	278,802	246,244
Capital outlay	122,898	185,130	143,062	452,245	210,800
Debt service - bonds	126,947	100,775	102,376	98,675	75,023
	120,517	100,773		70,073	75,025
Total disbursements	2,722,067	2,359,477	2,991,005	3,887,227	3,360,200
Excess receipts over					
(under) disbursements	\$ 860,825	766,462	77,277	(799,671)	(502,739)
OTHER DATA					
Assets and liabilities at April 30:					
Cash and investments	\$ 3,454,868	2,374,359	1,614,164	1,536,017	1,660,182
Outstanding debt	891,510	814,785	886,808	2,180,132	905,270
Proceeds of long-term debt	175,000	,	-,	, -, -	,
Personnel costs	,				
Amount	1,426,803	1,419,638	1,731,073	1,737,741	1,648,000
Percent to total expenditures	52.4%	60.2%	57.9%	44.7%	49.0%
Budgeted expenditures	4,154,150	4,268,550	46,976,800	37,630,900	37,828,550
6 1	5.4	,,	- / /	/	/

## STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS AND DATA - MODIFIED CASH BASIS - ENTERPRISE FUND - WATER FUND Five Years ended April 30, 2021

	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
Operating revenues					
Charges for services	\$ 1,060,085	1,014,824	950,020	869,768	902,021
Total operating revenues	 1,060,085	1,014,824	950,020	869,768	902,021
Operating expenses					
Salaries and related expenses	324,897	353,001	376,714	387,418	334,710
Supplies	112,775	113,178	103,057	101,831	113,054
Truck expense	14,433	16,255	17,338	14,068	32,200
Repairs and maintenance	61,868	72,552	53,845	37,684	38,210
Utilities	22,915	30,263	33,142	32,959	32,707
Outside services	9,673	7,469	6,727	8,696	7,186
Insurance	12,803	24,526	17,577	16,044	10,339
Miscellaneous	2,514	2,373	2,602	2,563	1,504
Depreciation	 137,035	133,101	133,721	125,860	106,164
Total operating expenses	698,913	752,718	744,723	727,123	676,074
Operating income (loss)	361,172	262,106	205,297	142,645	225,947
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)					
Interest income	31,308	21,226	3,719	2,236	1,009
Loss of disposal of asset		(3,373)			(476)
Interest expense	(7,185)	(8,042)	(7,523)	(10,918)	(12,309)
Miscellaneous	 11,715	10,048	21,131	15,176	18,110
Change in net position	\$ 397,010	281,965	222,624	149,139	232,281

CITY OF FAIRBURY, ILLINOIS

# STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS AND DATA - MODIFIED CASH BASIS - ENTERPRISE FUND - SEWER FUND Five Years ended April 30, 2021

		2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
Operating revenues						
Charges for services	\$	1,128,860	1,128,938	1,042,334	907,453	745,046
Total operating revenues		1,128,860	1,128,938	1,042,334	907,453	745,046
Operating expenses						
Salaries and related expenses		210,060	181,805	180,162	197,075	162,522
Supplies		23,958	14,244	14,105	13,771	13,280
Truck expense		11,724	13,182	16,686	8,819	16,239
Permits and fees		11,000	11,000			
Repairs and maintenance		35,353	9,085	36,773	9,510	11,221
Utilities		66,674	71,228	69,937	64,609	66,002
Outside services		9,618	6,288	15,704	14,158	13,699
Insurance		17,737	14,595	12,300	12,091	17,279
Miscellaneous		348	6,048	3,517	2,023	2,552
Depreciation	_	98,533	128,673	137,023	154,592	186,783
Total operating expenses		485,005	456,148	486,207	476,648	489,577
Operating income (loss)		643,855	672,790	556,127	430,805	255,469
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)						
Interest income		65,538	47,645	4,362	1,841	691
Interest expense		(7,359)	(7,868)	(10,343)	(8,864)	(9,351)
Miscellaneous		654	600	1,161	1,126	930
Gain on transfer of capital asset			(3,606)	433	ŕ	
Loss on disposal of capital asset		(376,812)				
Forgiveness of debt		255,981	1,239,886	7,633,443		
Change in net position	\$	581,857	1,949,447	8,185,183	424,908	247,739
OTHER DATA - WATER and SEWER						
Assets and liabilities at April 30:						
Cash and investments	\$	5,202,747	4,020,642	2,879,182	2,054,262	1,374,177
EPA waste water treatment loans		20,766,825	14,561,617	522,182	555,904	589,132
EPA drinking water loans		415,797	455,967	511,217	580,951	649,261
Additions to property		62,772	25,195	43,342	233,620	186,478
Average number of users		1,731 *	1,700 *	1,715 *	1,828	1,825
Average revenue per user	\$	1,265	1,261	1,162	972	903

<sup>\*</sup> Excludes inactive accounts; prior year users were not adjusted for inactive accounts

### SCHEDULES OF GENERAL PROPERTY TAXES 2016 THROUGH 2020

	2020	Lev	у	2019 1	Levy	2018 1	Levy
Assessed Valuation		\$	58,557,364	54,211,035			54,430,537
	Rate	E	Extension	Rate	Extension	Rate	Extension
Tax Rates and Extensions:							
General Fund							
Corporate purpose	0.35888	\$	210,151	0.38883	210,789	0.32673	177,841
Street lighting	0.03074		18,001	0.04612	25,002	0.04457	24,260
Garbage	0.17932		105,005	0.19969	108,254	0.20000	108,861
Fire protection	0.08539		50,002	0.09224	50,004	0.09782	53,244
Public benefits	0.05000		29,279	0.04993	27,068	0.05000	27,215
Police protection	0.36337		212,780	0.32282	175,004	0.09782	53,244
Audit	0.00854		5,001	0.03136	17,001	0.03124	17,004
IMRF/Social security	0.36717		215,005	0.39661	215,006	0.59280	322,664
Tort	0.11989		70,204	0.12950	70,203	0.12898	70,205
Unemployment compensation	0.00086		504	0.00738	4,001	0.00956	5,204
Total	1.56416	\$	915,931	1.66448	902,333	1.57952	859,742

-	2017	Levy	2016 Levy		
Assessed Valuation		54,742,821		54,771,597	
	Rate	Extension	Rate	Extension	
Tax Rates and Extensions:					
General Fund					
Corporate purpose	0.30945	169,402	0.30006	164,348	
Street lighting	0.04352	23,824	0.04218	23,103	
Garbage	0.19636	107,493	0.19317	105,802	
Fire protection	0.09245	50,610	0.08963	49,092	
Public benefits	0.04909	26,873	0.04830	26,455	
Police protection	0.09245	50,610	0.08963	49,092	
Audit	0.03002	16,434	0.02910	15,939	
IMRF/Social security	0.57833	316,594	0.56069	307,099	
Tort	0.15640	85,618	0.15377	84,222	
Unemployment compensation	0.00933	5,108	0.00918	5,028	
Total	1.55740	852,565	1.51571	830,179	